





The Dow Group Newsletter 2nd Quarter Summary - 2024

Kenneth Dow, CFP[®], CIMA[®] Managing Partner, The Dow Group

1901 Butterfield Road, Suite 100 Downers Grove, IL 60515 630.716.8100 <u>kenneth.dow@raymondjames.com</u> <u>www.raymondjames.com/thedowgroup</u>

June Market Review:

Having hit 31 record highs since January and up more than 15% year to date, the S&P 500 is off to its best start to the year since 2019 and the best start to an election year *ever*, driven by mega-cap tech stocks and artificial intelligence (AI) tailwinds. NVIDIA's meteoric gains and 10-for-1 stock split briefly propelled the company's market cap above \$3 trillion, surpassing Microsoft as the most valuable public company in the world.

"Tech, Communication Services, and Consumer Discretionary remained center stage as market performance concentration continued — S&P 500 minus mega-cap tech was down," said Raymond James Chief Investment Officer Larry Adam. "The market continues to rally on weaker economic data but we caution that a slowing economy could dampen earnings growth and hamper the market in the near term."

Economic growth has moderated – a good sign to those looking to trust recent, improving inflation numbers. For fixed income, this has helped the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index claw back its year-to-date losses.

The year started with expectations for the Federal Reserve to cut interest rates three times beginning in the middle of the year, but higher than expected inflation early in the year halted those hopes. The Fed once again chose to hold rates steady in June and revised its projections to signal only one rate cut this year. However, if inflation continues to cool, we may see two.

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) printed 0.0% in May – a surprise to the markets, which were expecting a 0.1% increase. The core CPI also came in lower than market expectations, up 0.2%.

We'll dig further into the details below, but first a look at the numbers year-to-date:





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	12/29/23 Close	6/28/24 Close*	Change Year to Date	% Gain/Loss Year to Date
DJIA	37,689.54	39,118.86	+1,429.32	+3.79%
NASDAQ	15,011.35	17,732.60	+2,721.25	+18.13%
S&P 500	4,769.83	5,460.48	+690.65	+14.48%
MSCI EAFE	2,241.21	2,313.88	+72.67	+3.24%
Russell 2000	2,027.07	2,047.69	+20.62	+1.02%
Bloomberg Aggregate Bond	2,162.21	2,156.39	-5.82	-0.27%
*Performance reflects index values as of market close on June 28, 2024. Bloomberg Aggregate Bond and MSCI EAFE reflect June 27, 2024, closing values.				

Are we finally seeing Al's limit?

While tech mega-caps have dominated performance in the S&P 500 this year, last month we saw the first significant pullback and possibly the end of AI stocks' rocket-like growth. The question now is: If the leaders take a breather, will the whole market decline or will the laggards get enough action to keep the Index relatively flat?

Labor market holds up, home sales slow down

Nonfarm payrolls grew by 273,000 jobs in May while the household survey showed a decline of 403,000, bringing U.S. unemployment up to 4% for the first time since January 2022. The disparity isn't entirely unusual, but looking at both surveys together creates a clearer picture of the strength of the labor market. Existing home sales declined in May, but that weakness is yet to be reflected in existing home sale prices, which continue to rise despite the increase in inventory. New home sales declined more than expected with the increased inventory bringing new home sales prices down. In April, both housing starts and housing permits were also lower than expected, indicating that the market for new homes as well as residential investment is weakening.

PCE signals inflation may be continuing to decline

After a lower-than-anticipated CPI, the bond market waited with bated breath for the Personal Consumption Expenditures (PCE) Index. A lower than expected PCE report on Friday marked a directional trend of significance that will likely lead investors to get ahead of lower interest rates, putting additional pressure on the Fed.

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More tech and trade restrictions imposed on China

The U.S. intensified efforts to restrict China's access to advanced chip technology last month, focusing on high-bandwidth memory (HBM) and gate all-around (GAA) chip technology, both of which are crucial for AI applications. Japan and the Netherlands coordinated with the U.S. to impose additional tech and trade restrictions on China, which could lead to volatility in the global semiconductor industry. June also marked significant progress in U.S. nuclear energy policy with the passage of the ADVANCE Act, aimed at revitalizing the nuclear industry and maintaining global leadership in nuclear technology.

Oil market remains range-bound amid continued risks

The global oil market remained in a relatively tight trading range last month, with Ukraine's drone strikes against Russian oil infrastructure having only a modest effect on supply and violence in the Middle East still a headline risk. On the demand side, the International Energy Agency and OPEC released conflicting forecasts, with OPEC calling for double the demand growth forecasted by IEA.

The bottom line:

With the S&P 500's dogged run and the looming election, it's normal for investors to ponder the best course of action. Navigating all-time highs is part of the journey – they don't always mean a correction is imminent, but rather signal a healthy and growing economy. Even if a correction does occur, taking a long-term view will generally yield better results. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to reach out. As always, I wish you and your family well. Thank you for your continued trust in our guidance.

- Ken -

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