## Municipal Bond Investor Weekly

## High Net Worth Wealth Solutions and Market Strategies // Fixed Income Solutions



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## THE WEEK AHEAD

1. According to Bloomberg, June money-in-motion (principal and interest payments) could exceed $\$ 55$ billion. Bloomberg forecasts currently indicate we could see a supply "deficit" of $\$ 16$ billion over the next 30 days.
2. This week's new issue calendar is estimated at $\sim \$ 10$ billion, providing an opportunity for investors with redemption money to reinvest.
3. The economic calendar is highlighted by potentially market moving inflation data with the Producer Price Index (PPI) on Tuesday, Consumer Price Index (CPI) on Wednesday, and Import/Export Price Indices on Thursday.

## MONDAY'S COMMENTARY

Summer Drought?
Page 2
Illustrative Portfolios
Page 3

## THE NUMBERS THIS WEEK

Treasury yields were higher on the short part of the curve with 1 to 5 year yields increasing by 4 to 6 basis points while intermediate and longer-term yields were unchanged to slightly lower. Municipal bonds rallied, taking yields lower across the curve. The benchmark AAA curve was lower by 6 to 7 basis points for the week. Muni-Treasury ratios fell and currently sit at $\sim 59 \%$ at 10 -years, $\sim 75 \%$ at 20 -years, and $\sim 82 \%$ at 30 -years. While all of these ratios remain below historical averages, they highlight the attractive relative value that is available in municipal bonds on the longer parts of the curve.

| Year |  | Treasury | Municipal <br> (AAA) | Municipal <br> (A) | Municipal <br> TEY* <br> (AAA) | Municipal <br> TEY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Muni | MAA)/Tsy <br> Ratio | Muni TEY* <br> (AAA)/Tsy <br> Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2025 | 5.17 | 3.31 | 3.68 | 5.58 | 6.22 | $64 \%$ | $108 \%$ |
| 2 | 2026 | 4.87 | 3.11 | 3.49 | 5.25 | 5.90 | $64 \%$ | $108 \%$ |
| 5 | 2029 | 4.52 | 2.66 | 3.12 | 4.49 | 5.27 | $59 \%$ | $99 \%$ |
| 10 | 2034 | 4.50 | 2.64 | 3.13 | 4.45 | 5.29 | $59 \%$ | $99 \%$ |
| 20 | 2044 | 4.74 | 3.53 | 4.03 | 5.96 | 6.81 | $74 \%$ | $126 \%$ |
| 30 | 2054 | 4.64 | 3.79 | 4.28 | 6.40 | 7.23 | $82 \%$ | $138 \%$ |



## SUMMER DROUGHT?

We are approaching the unofficial start of summer in a couple of weeks, and while in some parts of the country that also means the start of hurricane season, in the municipal bond market that typically coincides with an elevated redemption season. On the supply side, year-to-date new issuance through April totaled $\sim \$ 142$ billion - a $\sim 26 \%$ increase over the same period last year ( $\sim \$ 113$ billion) and $\sim 10 \%$ higher vs the 10-year average ( $\sim \$ 129$ billion). The increase in issuance can be attributed to a variety of factors, including lower borrowing costs from the peak in the fall of 2023, governments prioritizing the financing of large projects, increased costs for infrastructure projects due to inflation, and issuers front-loading their borrowing ahead of November's US elections. In the summer season, it's common to have "negative net supply" as the number of bonds being redeemed outpaces the number of new bonds being issued. The question is: will supply remain elevated or will there be a drought this summer?


The months of June, July and August are traditionally the largest redemption months in the municipal bond market. Current Bloomberg data suggests approximately $\sim \$ 108$ billion of municipal bonds will either mature or be called over the three months from June 1 through August 31. Add in interest payments and that figure increases to ~\$153 billion. In June alone, an estimated total of $\$ 55$ billion of combined principal ( $\sim \$ 40$ billion) and interest ( $\sim 15$ billion) is expected to be returned to investors. If new issuance in June comes in near the 10-year average of $\sim \$ 42$ billion, we could see a supply-demand imbalance in the muni market. An increase of $26 \%$ vs last year - keeping pace with the increase seen so far this year - would put June issuance at $\sim \$ 49$ billion. That would still result in a supply deficit of $\sim \$ 6$ billion vs the money-in-motion available for reinvestment. Bloomberg forecasts currently indicate we could see a "deficit" of $\$ 16$ billion over the next 30 days.

What does that mean for municipal investors? Quite simply, demand (from reinvestment of matured and called bonds and interest payments) may exceed supply (new issues) over the course of the summer. If new issue supply continues to run at a similar increased pace to the start of the year (an increase of $26 \%$ in new issue supply vs June through August 2023's $\sim \$ 107$ billion in issuance totaling $\sim \$ 135$ billion based on data from The Bond Buyer), it would still be less than the amount of principal and interest expected to be returned to investors this summer ( $\sim 153$ billion according to Bloomberg). Interest rates are at some of the best levels available in more than a decade - and we don't know how long this window of opportunity will stay open. For strategic investors in the top tax brackets, municipal bonds continue to provide attractive tax-efficient income. Better value can be found in longer maturities where the yield curve is steep. 20-year AAA munis currently yield $3.53 \%$ - that equates to a taxable equivalent yield (TEY) of 5.96\% (based on the $37 \%$ federal tax bracket plus the $3.8 \%$ net investment income tax), providing a yield pick-up vs 20-year Treasuries yielding 4.74\%. Even more value can be found in AA and A rated municipal bonds and for some investors in high income tax states buying in-state bonds, with TEYs great than $7 \%$. So, when redemption money is available to reinvest, don't wait - opportunities may be limited. Our team of fixed income professionals is available to work with your financial advisor to help you weather any market conditions that may develop this summer!

## ILLUSTRATIVE PORTFOLIOS

Our illustrative proposals reflect three opportunities along the yield curve with bonds maturing from 1 to 30 years. Municipal yields outperformed Treasuries, with portfolio yields lower by 6-7 basis points on the week. Long term investors will continue to realize additional yield further out on the curve. Strategically, to lock in long-term, reliable tax-efficient cash flow, our duration focused 10-20-year maturity illustration continues to offer an excellent tax efficient solution. Looking to maximize yield? The 20 - 30-year range continues to offer an additional ~65 basis points (over $10-20$ years) and may be appropriate for some investors. The yield to worst is $\sim 4.08 \%$, which equates to a taxable equivalent yield to worst of $\sim 6.87 \%$ for an investor in the top federal tax bracket and subject to the net investment income tax. If the callable bonds are not called, the yield to maturity increases to $\sim 4.28 \%$, which equates to a taxable equivalent yield to maturity of $\sim 7.21 \%$. This is a solution with $4-5 \%$ coupon bonds with an average coupon of $4.31 \%$ and a market price of $\sim \$ 100.59$. The current yield is $\sim 4.33 \%$. An investment with $\$ 1$ million par value ( $\sim \$ 1.015$ million market value) will generate a federally tax-exempt annual coupon cash flow of $\sim \$ 43,125$.

## National Municipal Bond Illustrative Portfolios

Week of May 13, 2024

## 1 - 10 Years

| Totals \& Averages @ Market |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Summary Totals |  |
| Original Face | \$1,000,000 |
| Current Face (Par) | \$1,000,000 |
| Market Principal | \$1,054,762 |
| Accrued Interest | \$11,122 |
| Cash \& Cash Alternatives | so |
| - |  |
|  |  |
| Total Portfolio Value | \$1,065,885 |
| Next 12mo Cpn Cash Flow | \$43,000 |
| Generic Annual Cpn Cash Flow | \$43,000 |
| Weighted Averages |  |
| Coupon* | 4.300\% |
| Maturity" | 5.70 yrs |
| Duration | 3.92 |
| Yield to Worst | 3.095\% |
| Yield to Maturity | 3.306\% |
| Market Price* | 105.476 |
| Tax Lots Holdings Included | 20 of 20 |
| NAVIGATING TODAY'S MARKET |  |

10-20 Years

| Summary Totals |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Original Face | \$1,000,000 |
| Current Face (Par) | \$1,000,000 |
| Market Principal | \$1,065,234 |
| Accrued Interest | \$9,858 |
| Cash \& Cash Alternatives | \$0 |
| - |  |
| - |  |
| Total Portfolio Value | \$1,075,092 |
| Next 12mo Cpn Cash Flow | \$45,089 |
| Generic Annual Cpn Cash Flow | \$45,000 |
| Weighted Averages |  |
| Coupon* | 4.500\% |
| Maturity** | 14.55 yrs |
| Duration | 6.27 |
| Yield to Worst | 3.446\% |
| Yield to Maturity | 3.844\% |
| Market Price* | 106.523 |
| Tax Lots Holdings Included | 20 of 20 |

## 20-30 Years

| Summary Totals |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Original Face | \$1,000,000 |
| Current Face (Par) | \$1,000,000 |
| Market Principal | \$1,005,894 |
| Accrued Interest | \$9,953 |
| Cash \& Cash Alternatives | \$0 |
| - |  |
| - | $\cdot$ |
| Total Portfolio Value | \$1,015,847 |
| Next 12mo Cpn Cash Flow | \$43,234 |
| Generic Annual Cpn Cash Flow | \$43,125 |
| Weighted Averages |  |
| Coupon* | 4.313\% |
| Maturity** | 24.65 yrs |
| Duration | 11.44 |
| Yield to Worst | 4.074\% |
| Yield to Maturity | 4.275\% |
| Market Price* | 100.589 |
| Tax Lots Holdings Included | 20 of 20 |

According to The Bond Buyer, $\$ 10$ billion in new issuance is expected this week. Some of the larger deals include: the New York City Transitional Finance Authority (Aa1/AAA/AAA) is selling $\$ 1.5$ billion of tax-exempt future taxsecured subordinate bonds; the Dormitory of the State of New York is selling $\$ 965$ million of School District Revenue Bond Financing Program revenue bonds across a range of series; the San Francisco Airport Commission (A1/-/A+) is issuing $\$ 925$ million of San Francisco International Airport revenue refunding bonds; Miami-Dade County, FL (Aa3/AA/AA-) is bringing a $\$ 495$ million water and sewer system revenue bond deal to market; and the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (Aa2/AA+) is selling $\$ 448$ million of water system revenue bonds. See table below for additional new issuance.

## HISTORICAL YIELDS



| Date | Amount | Issuer | ST | Description | Moody's/S\&P/Fitch | Maturity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5/14 | \$77MM | Tennessee Housing Development | TN | Residential Finance Program Bonds | Aa1/AA+/ | 01/01/2025- |
| 5/14 | \$179MM | Tennessee Housing Development | TN | Residential Finance Program Bonds | Aa1/AA+/ | 01/01/2025- |
| 5/14 | \$14MM | Susquehanna Township School | PA | Dauphin County, General Obligation | Aa2 /NR /NR | 5/15/25-37 |
| 5/14 | \$11MM | Sundance CFD (City of Buckeye, | AZ | General Obligation Refunding Bonds, | (/A-/) | 07/01/2024-34 |
| 5/14 | \$14MM | San Bruno Park SD (San Mateo | CA | General Obligation Bonds 2018 Election | Aa2 // | 08/01/2034-53 |
| 5/14 | \$1500MM | New York City Transitional Finance | NY | Future Tax Secured Subordinate Bonds, | Aa1 IAAA/AAA | 5/1/26-52 |
| 5/14 | \$180MM | Ector County Independent School | TX | Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds | Aaa /AAA/ (Aa3 /A +1$) \mathrm{psf}$ | 8/15/2025-45 |
| 5/14 | \$46MM | Dormitory Authority of the State of | NY | School Districts Revenue Bond Financing | /AA / (Aa3 / /AA- ) AGM | 10/1/25-39 |
| 5/14 | \$60MM | Dormitory Authority of the State of | NY | School Districts Revenue Bond Financing | Aa2 /NR /AA- | 10/1/25-39 |
| 5/14 | \$67MM | Dormitory Authority of the State of | NY | School Districts Revenue Bond Financing | NR /AA/AA- | 10/1/25-39 |
| 5/14 | \$793MM | Dormitory Authority of the State of | NY | School Districts Revenue Bond Financing | /AA/ (Aa3 / /AA- ) AGM | 10/1/25-52 |
| 5/14 | \$9MM | City of Mayfield Heights, Ohio | OH | General Obligation (Limited Tax) Aquatic | Aa2 /NR /NR | 12/1/25-44 |
| 5/15 | \$42MM | West Hollywood PFA | CA | 2024 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A | $1 A A+I A A+$ | 04/01/2025-44 |
| 5/15 | \$5MM | Mississippi Development Bank | MS | Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2024 | IAA- / | 07/01/2025-44 |
| 5/15 | \$17MM | Lawndale Elementary SD (Los | CA | General Obligation Bonds, Election of | IAA-I | 04/01/2025-44 |
| 5/15 | \$75MM | Kentucky Housing Corporation | KY | Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds | Aaa // | 07/01/2025- |
| 5/15 | \$75MM | Kentucky Housing Corporation | KY | Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds | Aaa // | 07/01/2025- |
| 5/15 | \$146MM | Colorado Housing and Finance | CO | Single Family Mortgage Class I Bonds | Aaa /AAA/ | 07/01/2025- |
| 5/16 | \$256MM | Greenwood Independent School | TX | Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, | IAAA /AAA ( IAA- IAA ) PSF | 02/15/2025-54 |
| 5/16 | \$64MM | County of Buncombe, North | NC | Limited Obligation Bonds, Series 2024B | Aa1/AA+/NR | 6/1/25-44 |
| 5/16 | \$39MM | Columbia-Brazoria Independent | TX | Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds | /AAA/ / / $A+1)$ PSF | 02/01/2025-54 |
| 5/16 | \$9MM | City of Leander | TX | Combination Tax \& Revenue Certificates of | Aa1 IAA/ | 8/15/2025-44 |
| 5/16 | \$14MM | City of Leander | TX | General Obligation Refunding Bonds | Aa1 IAA/ | 8/15/2025-35 |
| 5/16 | \$21MM | City of Leander | TX | Combination Tax \& Revenue Certificates of | Aa1 IAA/ | 8/15/2025-44 |

This offering calendar is for information purposes only, and is not intended as an offer for solicitation with respect to the purchase or sale of any securities. For more information on the new issues go to www.raymondjames.com.

## MUNICIPAL BOND INVESTOR WEEKLY

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Sourced from Bloomberg: Treasuries: US Fed H15 CMT Curve - The H15 curve is comprised of the constant maturity treasury rates as published daily by the Federal Reserve in the H 15 report. Municipal (AAA): BVAL Municipal AAA Yield Curve (Callable) - The curve is populated with high quality US municipal bonds with an average rating of AAA from Moody's and S\&P. The yield curve is built using non-parametric fit of market data obtained from the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, new issues, and other proprietary contributed prices. The curve represents $5 \%$ couponing. The 3 month to 10 year points are bullet yields, and the 11 year to 30 year points are yields to worst for a 10-year call. Municipal (AA): US General Obligation AA Muni BVAL Yield Curve - The BVAL curve is populated with pricing from uninsured AA General Obligation bonds. Municipal (A): US General Obligation A+ A A- Muni BVAL Yield Curve - The BVAL curve is populated with pricing from uninsured A+, A, and Arated General Obligation bonds. Fed Funds (Upper Bound): The federal funds rate is the short-term interest rate targeted by the Federal Reserve's Federal Open Market Committee as part of its monetary policy. US Treasury securities are guaranteed by the US government and, if held to maturity, generally offer a fixed rate of return and guaranteed principal value. Keep in mind that individuals cannot invest directly in any index, and index performance does not include transaction costs or other fees, which will affect actual investment performance.

The illustrative portfolios are intended as a starting point for a conversation on individual bonds. They are not intended as specific recommendations and bonds are shown for illustration purposes only. The bonds listed in the illustrative portfolios are rated A or better, with average ratings from Moody's and Standard and Poor's of Aa2 / AA. The yields shown in the proposals are based on pricing models, not current market offers. Yields shown are indicative of general market levels but are not a guaranteed result. Prices and yields are not inclusive of any fees or commissions.

US Treasury securities are guaranteed by the US government and, if held to maturity, generally offer a fixed rate of return and guaranteed principal value. The Dow Jones Industrial Average (DJIA) is a price-weighted average of 30 significant stocks traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) and the NASDAQ. The NASDAQ Composite is a stock market index of the common stocks and similar securities listed on the NASDAQ stock market. Keep in mind that individuals cannot invest directly in any index, and index performance does not include transaction costs or other fees, which will affect actual investment performance.

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